Structured Amplifier Design in CMOS technology

Hierarchically structured circuit design process for amplifiers and bias sources



Application description with initial specification











Performance

Noise / zero error / drift

Signal power Linearity

Costs

Chip area Supply power

Temperature

EMI **ESD**

Reliability

Safety

Environment

Object Performance Specification **Object Test Specification** Figure of merit



Concept design

Type

Structure

Port impedances

Cascade connection of amplifiers

(differential-mode, common-mode)

Parallel / series connections

of amplifiers or sources







Feedback configuration of single amplifier or DC bias source including over-all biasing concept

Application description and initial specification of each amplifier or bias source

Child hierarchical level



Signal path design

Output stage

Drive capability

Type

Geometry (W, L) Drive requirements

Input stage

Noise performance DC reproducibility

Type Geometry (W, L)

Operating point

Number of stages

Accuracy, bandwidth, and distortion

Mid-band loop gain LP product diff. error to gain ratio

Interconnection of stages Accuracy, bandwidth,

distortion, and biasing complexity

Frequency stability Filter characteristic Type of stages Geometry (W, L) Operating point Interconnection

Type of compensation Implementation





Frequency compensation

Most promising signal path









Most promising amplifier circuit **Biasing concept design**

Minimization of floating voltage sources

Combination of current sources

DM and / or CM feedback loops

Application description and initial specification of each bias source



Execution of tests from Object Test specification

Performance parameters Cost factors to be optimized

Design Parameters for optimization

FOM

Geometry of MOS transistors Operating point of MOS transistors Values of passive components



Performance optimization plan

Performance optimization

Execution of performance optimization plan



Amplifier circuit with optimized performance