Structured Electronic Design Amplifiers: small-signal dynamic behavior

Modeling with linear differential equations with constant coefficients

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$$\sum_{i=0}^{i=n} a_i \frac{d^i y(t)}{dt^i} = \sum_{k=0}^{k=m} b_k^{k=m} b_$$



 $b_k rac{d^k x(t)}{dt^k}$ Sum of a number of derivatives of the excitation

Modeling with linear differential equations with constant coefficients

Sum of a number	-i-n	$d^{i}u(t)$	-k-m
of derivatives of	$\sum \frac{1}{2} $	$L: \frac{u \ g(v)}{v}$	$=\sum_{n=1}^{n-n}$
the response		$^{\bullet\imath}$ dt^{\imath}	$\angle k = 0$

Exponential functions retain their shape under differentiation and integration



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k	dt^k	

Sum of a number of derivatives of the excitation

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$h(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{k=0}^{\ell-1} A_{i,k} t^{k} \exp p_{i} t$ ℓ : number of occurrences of p_i $A_{i,k}$: real constant stable: $\operatorname{Re}(p_i) < 0 \forall i$

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