Structured Electronic Design

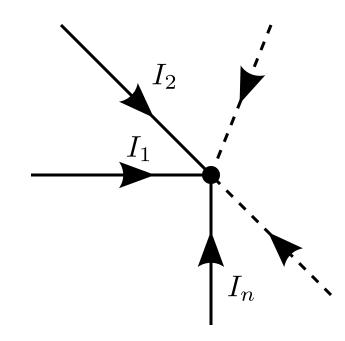
EE3C11 Topics from Network Theory Nodal Analysis

Anton J.M. Montagne

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An electrical network consists of interconnected network elements Node: interconnection point Branch: element between two nodes

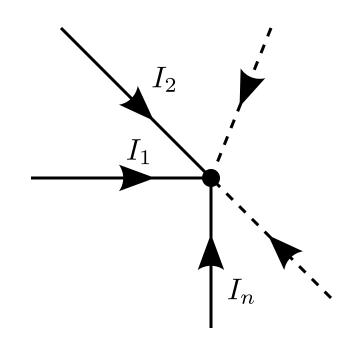
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Kirchhoff's current law

The sum of the branch currents that flow into (or from) a node, equals zero:

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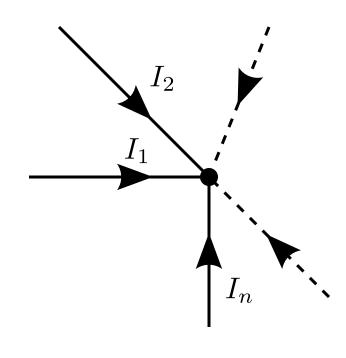


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 $\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_i = 0$

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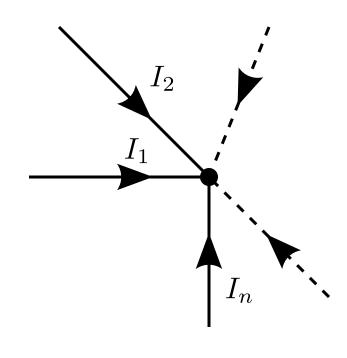
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Network with n nodes

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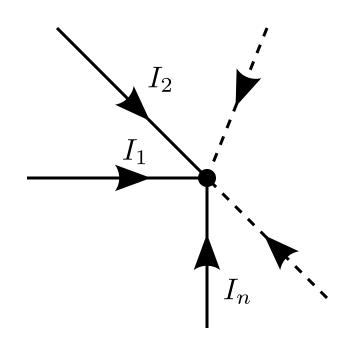
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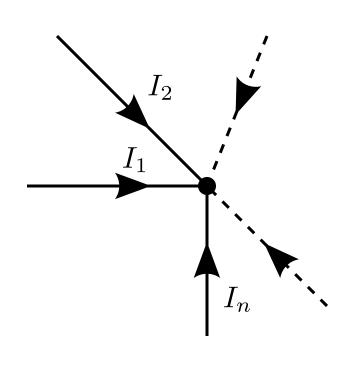
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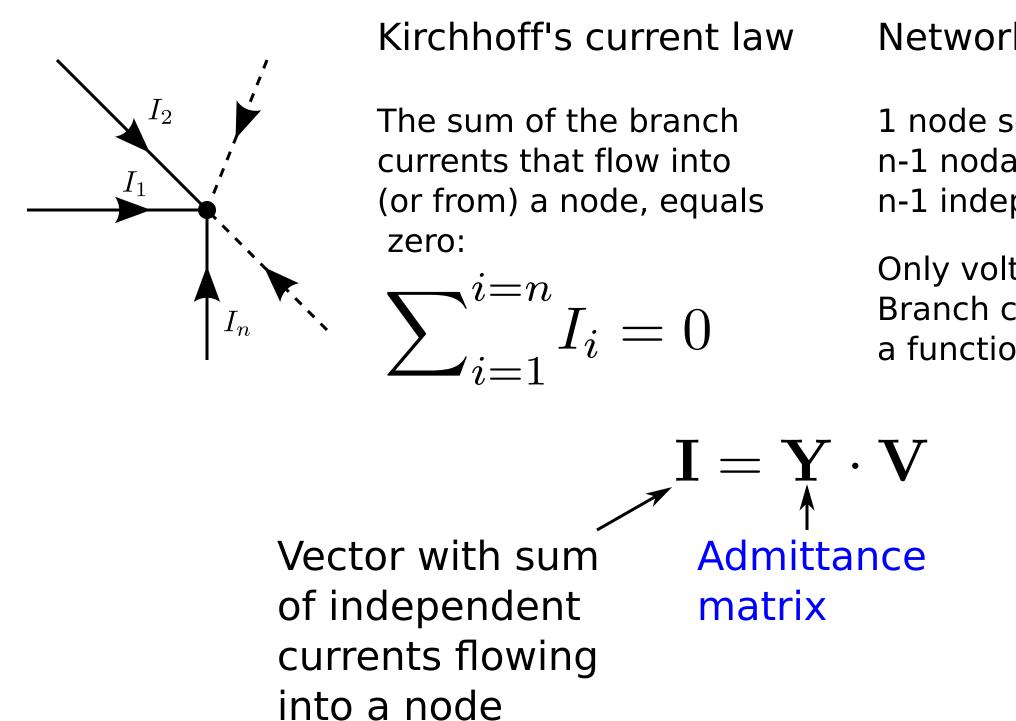
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Vector with sum of independent currents flowing into a node

Network with n nodes

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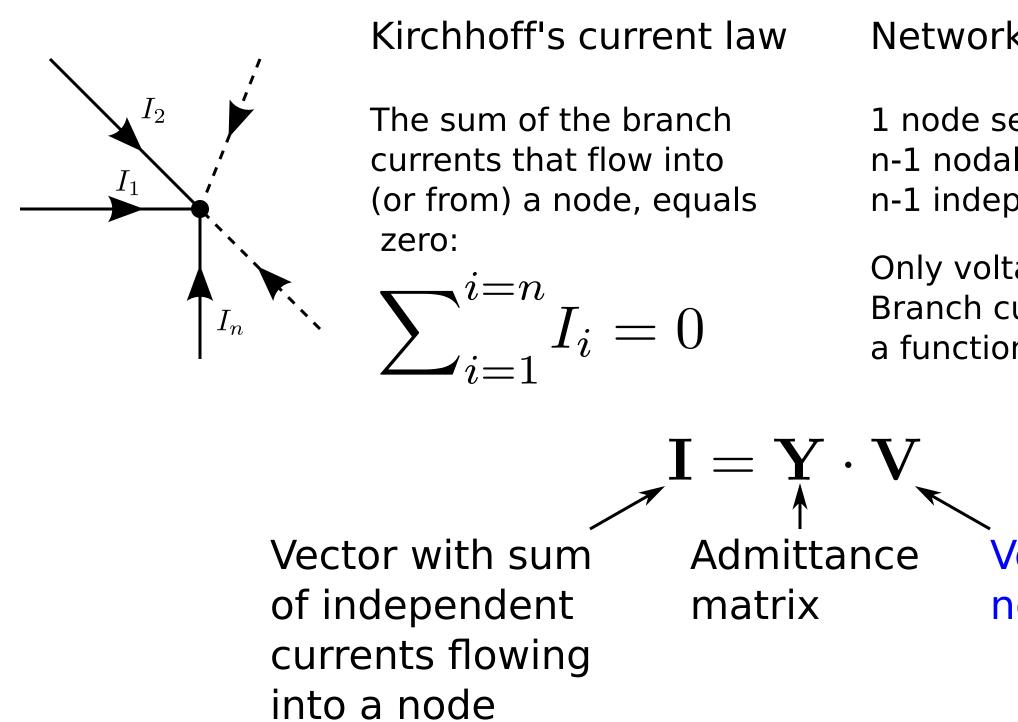


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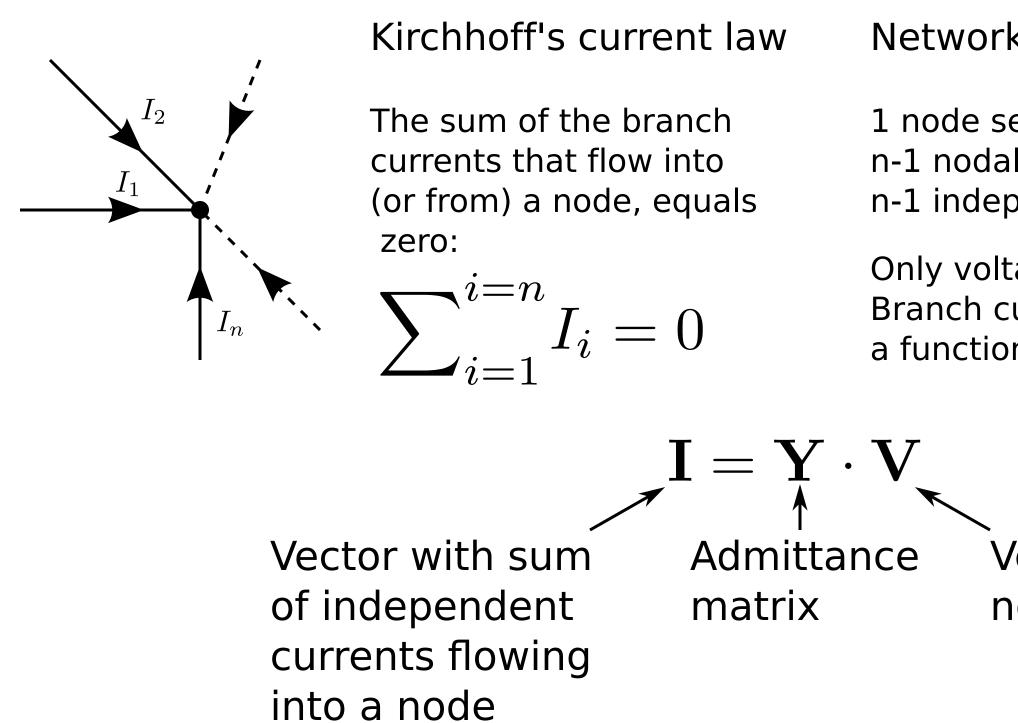
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Vector with nodal voltages

General form of nodal equation:

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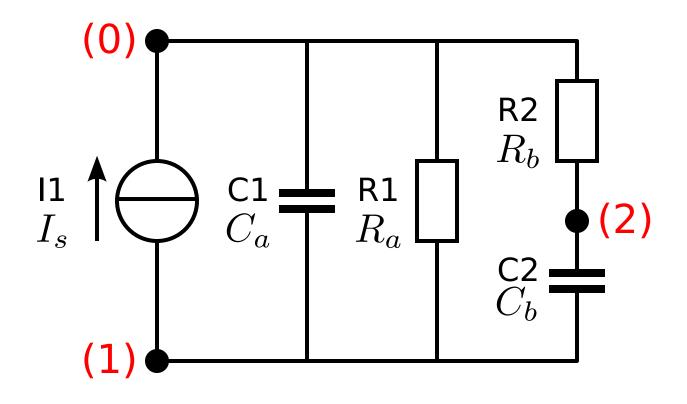
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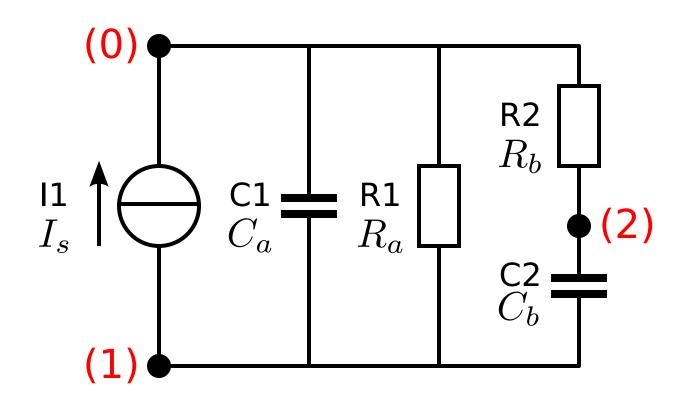
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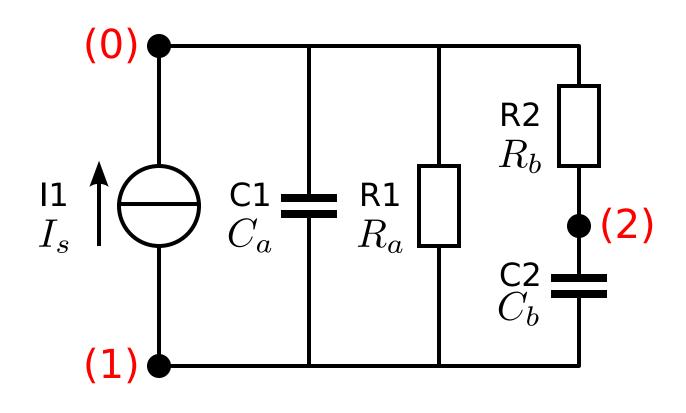
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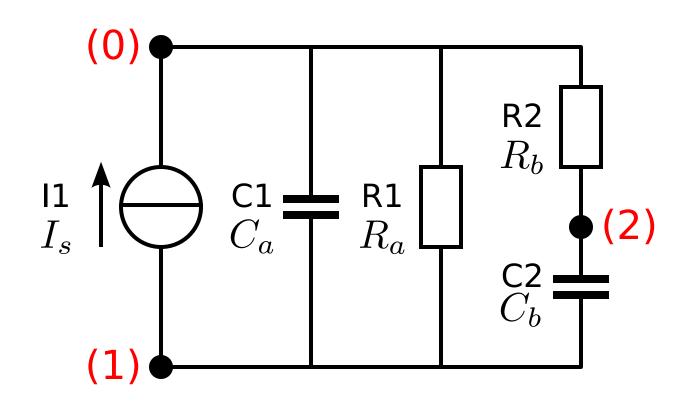




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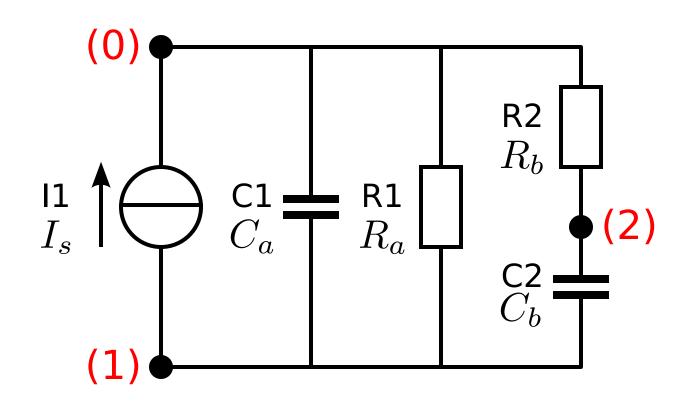


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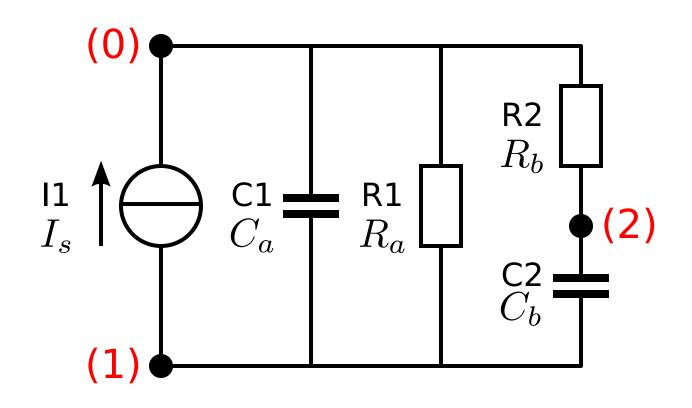


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100



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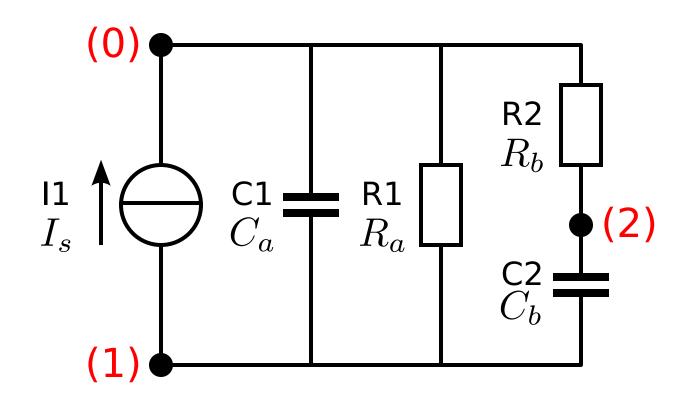
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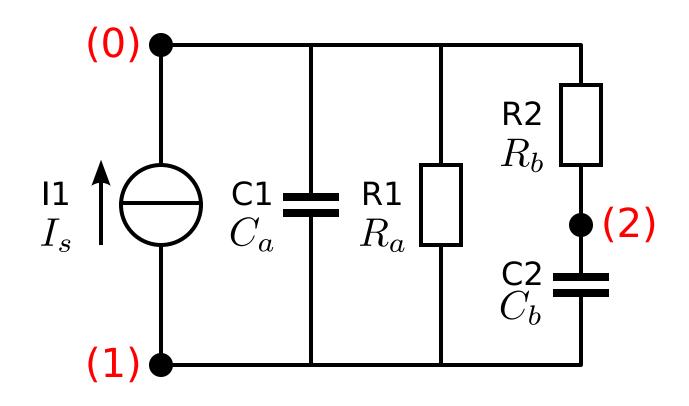
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